Clinical image

Sclerosing encapsulating peritonitis in HIV-infected patient on dialysis

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Presentation

A 36-year-old man presented to the dialysis unit one week after the onset of drainage of bloody peritoneal dialysate. The patient was HIV-infected and had chronic kidney disease diagnosed ten years before and had been on peritoneal dialysis and HAART. There was a history of recurrent episodes of peritonitis. During the previous three months, the patient had weight loss, anorexia, abdominal pain, and vomiting.

Assessment

An abdominal radiograph showed marked peritoneal fibrosis outlining bowel loops (Fig. 1). A computed tomographic scan of the abdomen confirmed thickening of the peritoneum without intestinal obstruction (Fig. 2).

Diagnosis

The diagnosis was sclerosing encapsulating peritonitis.

Management

The patient's renal replacement therapy was switched to hemodialysis. Three months later the patient had gained weight, with frequent bloody ascites. He died nine months after the diagnosis with progressive visceral entrapping. Sclerosing encapsulating peritonitis is a rare complication of peritoneal dialysis. This is the second case of sclerosing peritonitis described in a HIV-infected patient on peritoneal dialysis.

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Conflicts of interest

The authors declare no conflicts of interest.

REFERENCES


Fig. 1 – Abdominal radiograph showed marked peritoneal fibrosis outlining bowel loops.

Fig. 2 – Computed tomographic scan of the abdomen showed thickened peritoneum outlining small bowel loops.